

VI. *Account of the Discovery of a new Comet.* By Miss Caroline Herschel. *In a Letter to Sir Joseph Banks, Bart. K. B. P. R. S.*

Read November 12, 1795.

SIR,

Slough, November 8, 1795.

LAST night, in sweeping over a part of the heavens with my 5-foot reflector, I met with a telescopic comet. To point out its situation I transcribe my Brother's observations upon it from his Journal.

November 7, 1795.

0^h 33' Sidereal time. Place of the comet 2° 20' *np.* 37 (γ) Cygni, in a line continued from 66 (ν) through γ nearly. It is just visible to the naked eye.

0^h 44'. It is in a line between two small stars at a considerable distance from each other, to which are perpendicular the two extreme stars of three other stars, that form a small arch approaching to a straight line.

0^h 49'. The comet precedes the point in the line where the perpendicular of the arch crosses the line of the two stars one-fifth of the distance of the bisecting point from the preceding star.

1^h 25'. The comet is visibly moved from the place where it was 0^h 49'.

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The direction of its motion seems to be towards the south preceding side, and it is about 5 or 6' removed from its former place.

1^h 51'. The diameter of the comet is about 5'. It has no kind of nucleus, and has the appearance of an ill-defined haziness, which is rather strongest about the middle.

2^h 16'. The comet is about 2° 38' *np* γ , in a line continued from 69 through 37 Cygni.

3^h 37'. The comet is about 2° 50' *np* γ , in a line continued from 65 through 37 Cygni, or, perhaps more accurate, in a line from 70 continued through 37 Cygni.

It will probably pass between the head of the Swan and the constellation of the Lyre, in its descent towards the sun.

The direction of its motion is retrograde.

Place of the comet deduced from the above.

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|---------|--------------------|----|------------------------|----|-------------------------|
| Nov. 7. | ^h 0' 33 | RA | ^h 20' 3" 48 | PD | ^o 49' 17" 18 |
| | 3 37 | | 20 0 58 | | 49 37 18 |

As the appearance of one of these objects is almost become a novelty, I flatter myself that this intelligence will not be uninteresting to astronomers.

I have the honour to be, &c.

CAROLINA HERSCHEL.

Additional Observations on the Comet. By William Herschel,
LL.D. F. R. S.

November 8, 1795.

0^h 10'. The comet is about 42' north of 22 Cygni, in a line continued from 21 (η) through 22 nearly; it is not quite come to the line.

It is exactly in a line with 22 and a north following star 1° 34' from 22 towards 21.

0^h 31'. Distance of the comet from 19 Cygni, 1° 10'. From 22 Cygni, about 42'. From 25 Cygni, 2° 10'. From 15 Cygni, exactly 3°.

2^h 27'. The comet is 36' from 22 Cygni; its motion has been very nearly in the line pointed out before. It will however not pass over 22, but go by it towards 19 Cygni, having left the line pointed out, a little on the following side.

November 9, 1795.

20^h 45'. The comet is about 17 or 18' from 15 Cygni.

21^h 59'. The comet is now centrally upon a small star north following 15 Cygni. It is a small telescopic star of about the 11th or 12th magnitude, and is double, very unequal, the smallest of the two being much smaller than the largest.

With a power of 287 I can see the smallest of the two stars perfectly well; this shews how little density there is in the comet, which is evidently nothing but what may be called a collection of vapours.

Angle of the small north following star with respect to 15 Cygni, $71^{\circ} 55'$ north following.

Position of the small star belonging to the double star, a few degrees south following.

The north following star must be of the 11th or 12th magnitude at least, for it is not visible in my achromatic finder, and its smaller companion therefore is an extremely small star indeed.

The double star is about 5 or 6' from 15 Cygni.

November 10, 1795.

$21^{\text{h}} 55'$. The comet is about $1^{\circ} 5'$ north of, and a little following, 8 Cygni, and exactly $1^{\circ} 30'$ south following 4 Cygni.

$2^{\text{h}} 16'$. The comet is about 40' from 8 Cygni, in the line between 8 and 4, but rather past the line.

It is about $1^{\circ} 26'$ from 4 Cygni.